



# Hazard Weather Information Service (HWIS)

Joint Annual R&D Workshop and 6<sup>th</sup>  
Momentum<sup>®UK</sup> Partnership Convective  
Scale Workshop

Presented by:  
Ashwin Naidu



# Overview

1. Modernisation of aviation weather
2. Current service challenges
3. What is HWIS
4. Why HWIS is important for the Bureau and customers



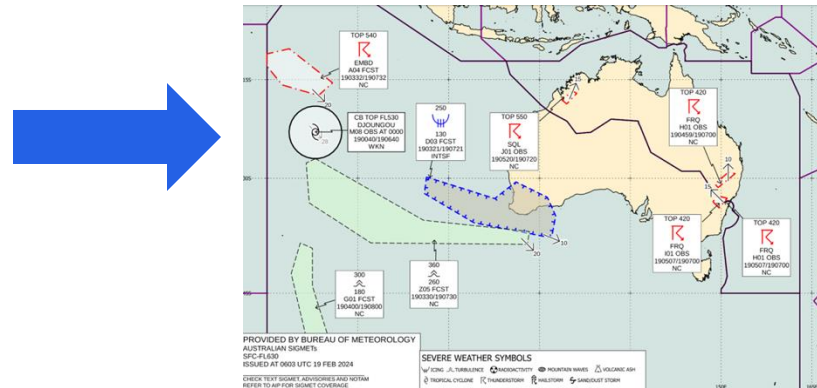
# Modernisation of Aviation Weather Services



Transformation of aviation met services as per ICAO Global Air Navigation Plan

➤ Migration from text products to data-centric information services

WSAU21 YBRF 190507 YBBB SIGMET  
I01 VALID 190507/190700 YBRF- YBBB  
BRISBANE FIR FRQ TS OBS WI S3230  
E14920 - S3250 E15100 - S3410  
E14940 - S3320 E14840 TOP FL420  
MOV NW 15KT NC RMK: BS SEE ALSO  
YMMM H01=

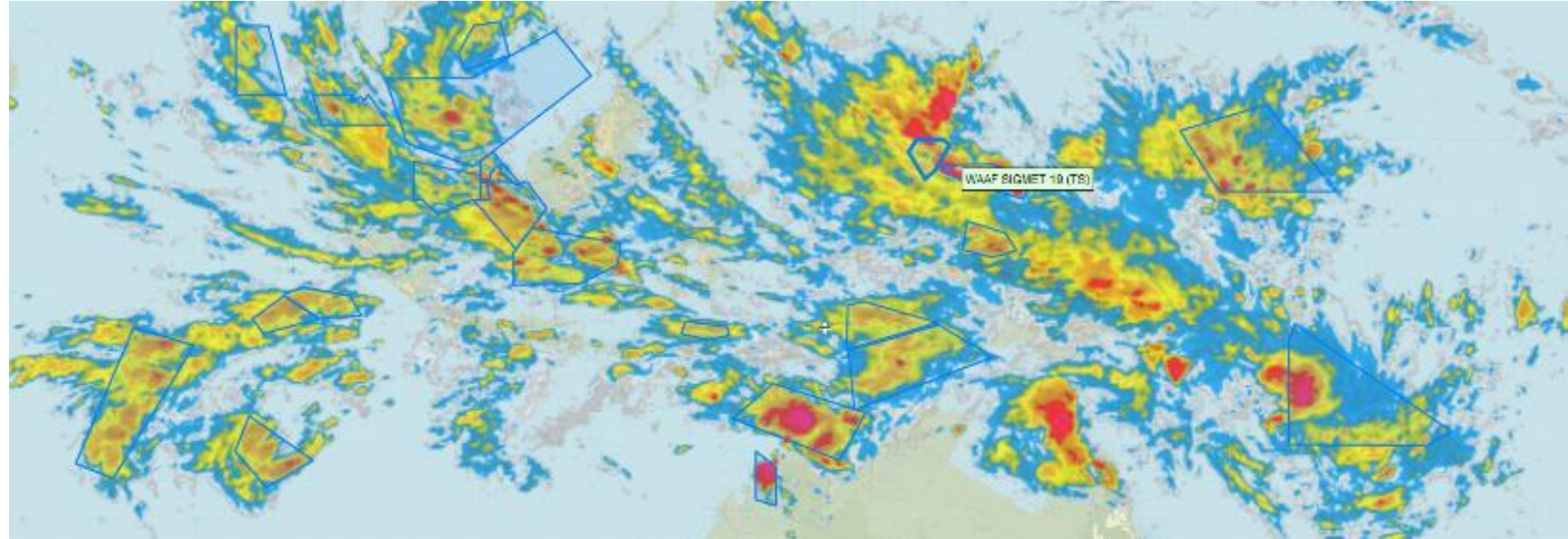




# Current service challenges

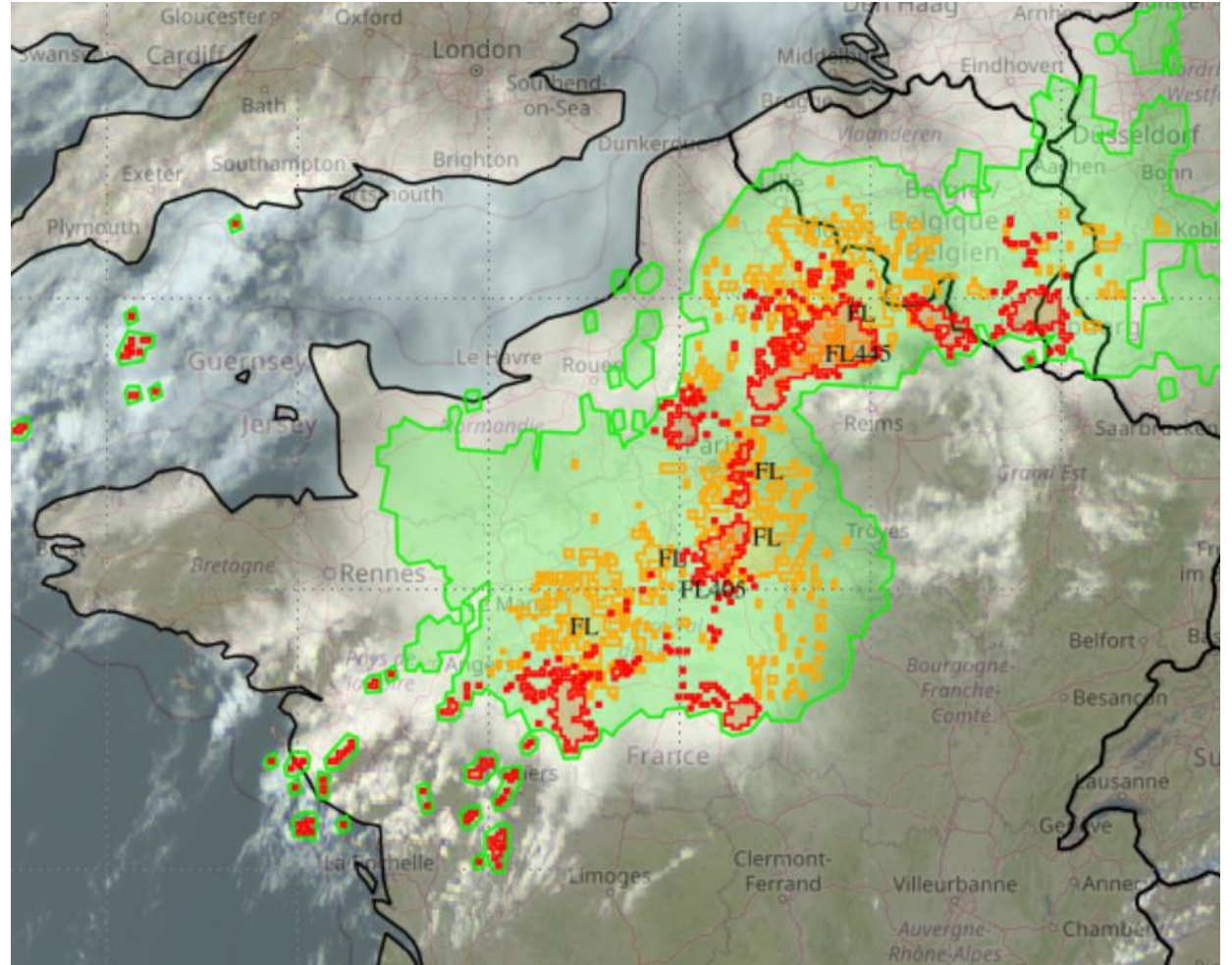
Aviation communities highlighted:

- Gaps in services
- Inconsistent data across service boundaries
- Lack of phenomenon based coverage
- Insufficient forecast granularity
- Excessive forecast latencies



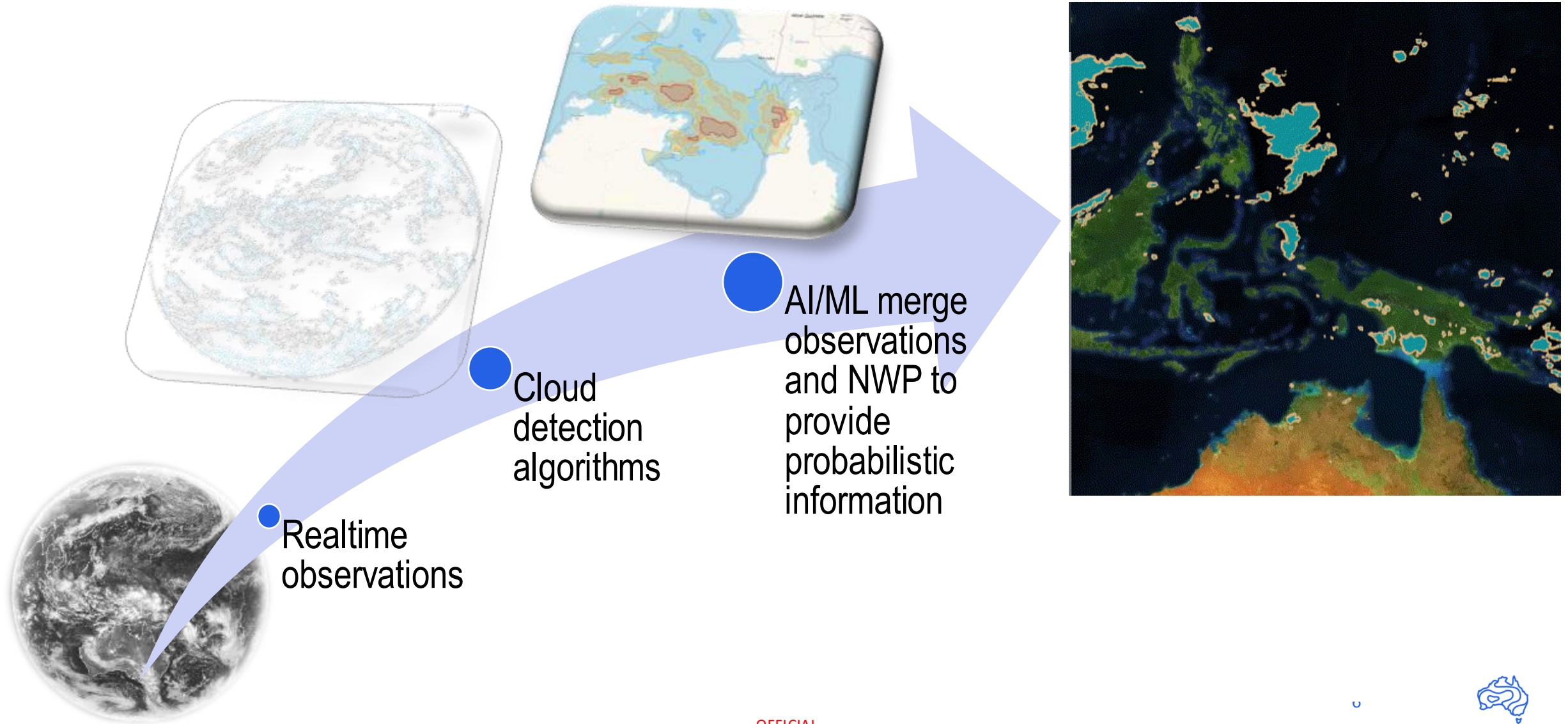
# HWIS – what and why?

- The ICAO Hazardous Weather Information Service (HWIS) is a multi-provider system:
  - global, consistent, phenomenon-based hazardous en-route weather service
  - high temporal and spatial frequency hazard information provided by modern webservice
  - will replace our traditional products
  - initial services for CB, turbulence and icing
- The HWIS-CB specs include:
  - 15 min refresh rate
  - T+00, +15, +30, +45, +60, +90, +120, +180, +240
  - probabilistic forecast

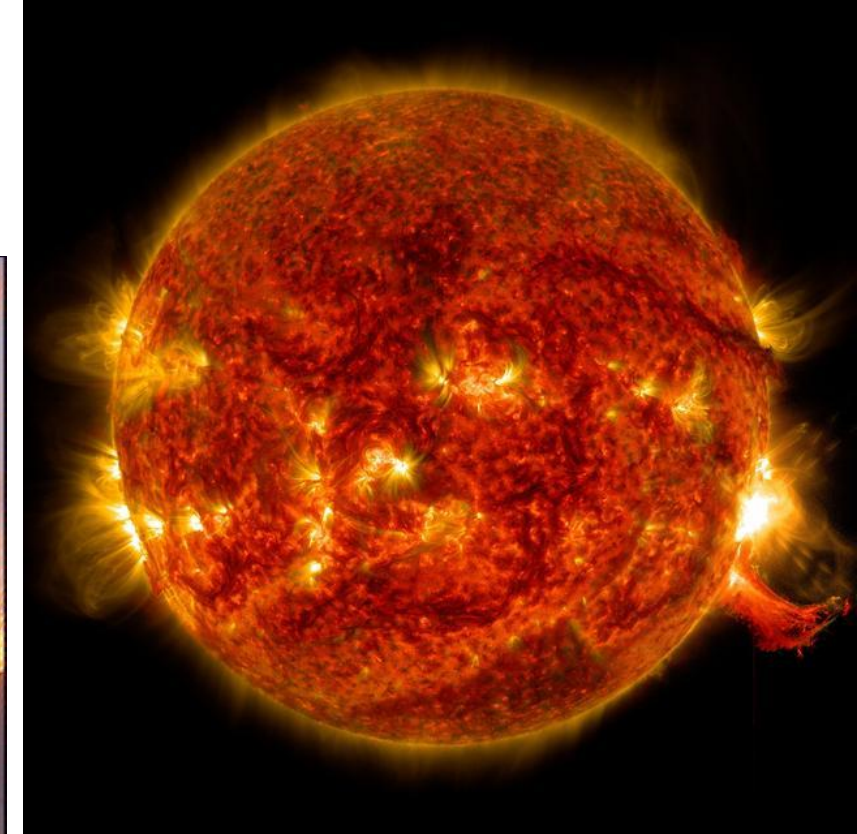




# Ideas for CB HWIS implementation



# Bureau as the HWIS provider





# Benefits to other sectors







# Thank you

Ashwin Naidu

[ashwin.naidu@bom.gov.au](mailto:ashwin.naidu@bom.gov.au)